## Chapter 24: DNA Replication, Repair and Recombination (omit repair and recombination)

## **Matching Or Fill In**

Choose the correct answer from the list. Not all the answers will be used.

1)			
1)	Enzymes that undergo many rounds of catalysis before dissociating from the substrate are described		
	as	A) SSB	
	<u> </u>	B) Tus	
2)	The section of RNA to which DNA residues are	C) primosome	
,	added during replication is the	D) ARS	
		E) ATS	
3)	(omit red questions) The process whereby	F) primer	
	nucleotides are removed from the 5' end of one DNA	G) transposons H) nick translation	
	segment and nucleotides are added to the 3' end of	I) photolyase	
	the immediately preceding DNA segment is called	J) processive	
		K) R-loops	
		L) T-loops	
4)		, 1	
	proteins, which prevent the separated DNA strands		
	from reannealing at the replication fork.		
5)	E. coli primer synthesis is catalyzed by the		
/ <u></u>			
6)	<u> </u>		
	a <i>Ter</i> site.		
7)	In yeast, replication begins at sequences known as		
·			
8)	G-rich polynucleotides can form G-quartets, resulting in	the formation of	
9)	Direct reversal of pyrimidine dimers in prokaryotic cells	is accomplished by the	
· )	enzyme DNA	is accomplished by the	
	<u></u>		
10)	Genes can be moved by		
Fill I	1 Questions		
11)	In replicating circular DNA, the "bubble" or "eye" shapes that	are observed are called	
11)	structures.		
12)	Pol I synthesizes new DNA with very high fidelity, due in part	to its capabilities.	

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13)	DNA is unwound by	
14)	E. coli leading and lagging strand synthesis takes place at the multisubunit	
Mult	iple Choice Questions	
15)	In most organisms, replication proceeds in a manner from the  A) unidirectional, chromosome ends  B) bidirectional, replication origin  C) bidirectional, theta site  D) bidirectional, lagging strand  E) none of the above	
16)	Lagging stands are polymerized in the direction, and the DNA fragments are about nucleotides long in eukaryotic cells.  A) 5' to 3', 100–200  B) 5' to 3', 1000–2000  C) 3' to 5', 100–400  D) 3' to 5', 1000–50000  E) none of the above	
17)	<ul> <li>Which of the following statements about the fidelity of replication are untrue?</li> <li>A) Cells maintain a balance of dNTPs.</li> <li>B) DNA polymerase catalyzes synthesis in a two-stage reaction, ensuring the proper base is added.</li> <li>C) Cells do not survive DNA point mutations.</li> <li>D) Pol I and Pol III detect and remove errors.</li> <li>E) Specific repair systems repair and maintain DNA.</li> </ul>	
	t Answer Questions your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.	
18)	What is semiconservative DNA replication? How was it proven?	
19)	Explain Okazaki's model for discontinuous DNA replication.	
20)	Describe some of the accomplishments of Arthur Kornberg.	
21)	What is reverse transcriptase? How did the discovery of reverse transcriptase alter the interpretation of the Central Dogma of Molecular Biology?	